The Bagdad " Date-Hark."

Bagdad is noted for a mysterious mainady which effects everybody in the city, whether a citizen or stranger. It is a sore, and is called a "date-mark," because after it has passed away it leaves an indellible mark about the size and shape of a date. It generally comes upon the face, and lasts a year, and then goes away. The scar is just skin deep. It appears as if the surface had been seared away with caustic or a hot iron, and it by no means enhances the beauty of the victim. With the natives, the sore generally comes in childhood, and then it commonly settles upon the face. The cheek of nearly every man and woman brought up in Bagdad shows the unmistakab e mark. Sometimes it settles on the nose, and then the disfigurement is considerable. Sometimes on the eyelid, and blindness is generally the result. Strangers are attacked even after a brief gesidence; but if they be adults, they got the sore on the arm or wrist. It is shore painful there than on the street had on the city, before they finish their course for professional practice. In this service, it can be safely said, they go through the most exciting portion of their experience. They are not only afforded the benefit of sindying emergency and accident cases, but also are given an inside view of how people live. The ambulance service of the Chambers street hospital is not very inviting work, and in many instances has proven highly the result. Strangers are attacked even after a brief gesidence; but if they be adults, they go the sore on the arm or wrist. It is shore painful there than on

get it after he is dead; it is not to be avoided. The visitation is not as a rule painful, unless it happens to fix upon a spot above a joint or a muscle frequently brought into exercise. The irritation occasioned by movement of the affected part is often considerable, and gives rise to a good deal of suffering. The general health is little, if at all, disturbed in ordinary cases. The children play about the narrow streets, and make mud pies quite joyonaly, with on their little cheeks. It gives them no concern that they are being marked and perhaps disfigured for life, and of pain they feel nothing. When a little patient beside the other, which the offi-later on I stopped at Mardin I had the cer had in the meantime brought out, pleasure of making the acquaintance of | in the ambulance. Dr. Thom, of the American mission, in Dr. Charles E. Wilken, the former that town, and he told me that he had house surgeon, during his practice on examined the ulcer under a microscope. the Chamber street hospital ambulance, and found it to be composed of a fun nearly met his death one evening just gold growth; but nothing that he had after bringing in a patient. He was sitever tried had been able to arrest or ting on the stoop of the hospital, when modity its usual course. He had ap a tall man, dressed in black, came up plied distilled nitric acid without pro-ducing more than temporary effect. An just brought in. The doctor rebuked date-mark forming on his the skin to the bone, but nothing that he could think of was of the least use. Who happened to be standing near, and as the man was in the act of shooting.

Some Curious Facts About Memory.

M. Delaunay has made a communicamemory as studied under various biological conditions. The inferior races covered. of mankind, such as the Chinese, etc., races which were unacquainted with the art of writing had a wonderful memory, and were for ages in the habit of handing down from one generation declamation know that women have more memory than men. French women will learn a foreign language quicker than their Lusbands. Youths have more memory than adults. It is well developed in children, attains its maximum about the fourteenth or ifteenth year, and then decreases. Feeble individuals of a lymphatic temperament have more memory than the strong. Students who obtain the prize for memory and recita-tion chiefly belong to the former class. Parisian atudents have also less memory than those who come from the provinces. At the Ecole Normale and other schools the pupils who have the best memory are not the most intelligent. The memory is more developed among the peasantry than among citizens, and among the clergy than among the laity.

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The memory remains intact in diseases of the left side of the brain, and is much affected in those of the right, from which it may be inferred that the right side is more the seat of this faculty than the left. From a physiological point of view memory is diminished by over-feeding, by physical exercise and by education, in this sense, that the illiterate have potentially more memory than those who know how to read and write. We remember, moreover, better in the morning than in the evening, and in the summer than in the winter, and better in warm than in cold climates. Memory is therefore, to a certain extent, in inverse proportion to nutrition, and, more than that, it is in inverse proportion to evolution, since it is greatest in those individuals who are the least advanced from an evolution point of view-inferior races, women, children, the feeble, etc. In short, according to M. Delaunay, there is an evolution of the memory, which is first sensorial, literal, and then intelligent; but memory, properly speaking, diminishes inversely as the evolution. - Medical Press and Circular.

A Remarkable Scene. A few miles off the road down the open and well-cultivated valley of the Narbada, in Central India, is a mighty river pent up into a third of its width. and for more than two miles boiling along between two sheer walls of pure white marble, a hundred feet in height. with here and there a seam of dark green or black volcanic rock, which enhances the purity of the marble like a setting of jet. What must be the charm, in a dusty Oriental land, of the coolness and quiet of those pure cold rocks, and of the deep blue, pelucid water. "The eye." says the traveler, "never wearies of the infinite variety of effect produced by the broken and reflected sunlight, now glancing from a pinnacle of snowwhite marble reared against the deep blue of the sky; as from a point of silver, touching here and there with bright lights the prominences of the middle heights, and again losing itself in the soft bluish grays of their recesses. Still lower down the bases of the cliffs are almost lost in the hazy shadow, so that it is hard to tell at what point the rocks have melted into the water, from whose depths the same lights, in inverse order, are reflected as clear as above, but broken into a thousand quivering ragments in the swirl of the pool." This beautiful spot is infested with bees, which, if disturbed, many travelers have found very dangerous; and, indeed, on one occasion they stung an intruder to death. The Marble stung an intruder to death. The Marble rocks, like almost every object of great natural beauty, have been sanctified by the Brahmins, and many of the commonest legends transported hither. Across the chasm, the monkey legions of Hanuman leaped on their way to Ceylon; the Celestial elephant of India left his mighty footprint here in the white rock. Temples to the Siva crown the right bank of the cliff, and by the river's edge is a favorite ghat for the launching of the bodies of devout Hindus into the waters of Mother Narbada, which are consequently pelluted by ghoul-like turtles, monstrous fishes, and repulsive crocodiles, that fatten on the ghastly provender thus provided for them.

The Yosemite valley, first made known to the public in 1855, had 1,029 visitors in the following ten years. Thenceforward the number annually increased slightly until 1874, reaching 2,711 in that year. In 1875 it began to retrograde a little, and was 9,493; in 1876 it was further reduced to 1,917, in 1877 to 1,392, in 1878 to 1,183 in 1879, owing to the Sunday-school convention being held there, it rallied a little, and was 1,385. The San Francisco Call says that texture of each tourist the average expenditure of each tourist is \$600.

Surgeon's Perils.

and make mud pies quite joyously, with the stretcher, and with one of its heavy

application of iodine was just as in- the man, but he kept on talking, and efficacious. He was attacked himself, drew a big revolver and pointed it at forehead, and apparently eating through in a line with his face. His movement Dr. Moore, the present house surgeon, seized the revolver. The weapon was kept from the man, and is still in posses-sion of the superintendent at the hospital. tion to the Societe de Biologie respecting | The man fled after his intentions were foiled, and his identity was never dis-

Dr. Culver, a substitute from the New have more memory than those of a York hospital, one evening answered a higher type of civilization. Primitive call in Cherry street, which proved to be for a burly seaman, quite young, suf-fering from alcoholism. After much trouble he was placed in the ambulance and the conveyance went rattling along to another hymns as voluminous as the until Chambers street at the city hall Bible. Prompters and professors of was reached. Here Dr. Culver beheld his patient about to leap from the ambulance. The doctor at once made a move to keep him down, but the rough seaman sat up, and whipping out a long knife flourished it defiantly, and with an oath said: "If you stop me from going out I will rip you open." Dr. Culver coolly advised the man to remain quiet as his journey was nearly at an end. But the seaman would not listen, and made a lunge with the knife at the doctor. The doctor drew a revolver,

> Bird's-eye View of the House of Representatives.

A recent visitor in Washington thus depicts the appearance of the House of Representatives while that body is in session: But how can I describe the disorderly and inattentive assemblage. like a troop of badly managed school-boys, which greeted us? Some lounging with heeis higher than head, or leg stretched over a neighboring armchair; some reclining on corner sofas, some rushing from one desk to another, some walking about with surreptitious-I hope they are surreptitious cigars in hand or mouth, careless alike of rules of debate and etiquette of good society. Probably half—fully half—were busy with books or correspondence, but the first impression was so bizarre, so mot-ley, so wanting in the repose which usually accompanies power, that only the incongruities struck one. Some one was vehemently declaiming with much gesture and force—Garfield, of Ohio, it happened to be. It was a subject which created much excitement, yet for any general appearance of interest the mem-bers might as well have been Kamschatka. There was a moment's lull in the vociferous voice, a dozen men sprang to their feet hastily demanding the speaker's attention; there were hot words and motions; the chairman's hammer rattled wildly; and then the babel of tongues subsided, and the orator continued to make his apparently unheeded points until another pause brought another tumult. You heard calls about "points of order," which seemed so many points of dis-order; you heard quips and comments and questions and answers and retaliations; but that any grave business requiring serious thought was going on seemed hard to imagine. The cuspidors scattered about on the floor, the air of ations; but that any grave business requiring serious thought was going on seemed hard to imagine. The cuspidors scattered about on the floor, the air of utter indifference, the negligence of position, the incoherent cries and loud were all drowned.

The twenty-third general conference of the Methodist Episcopal church has begun at Pike's opera house in Cincinnati. The list of delegates includes 154 laymen, 105 preachers and 38 colored men.

Mayor Kalloch, of San Francisco, has caused

sition, the incoherent cries and loud murmur of different occupations were what most arrested attention.

While you are still, after two hours' listening, uncertain what has been done, or whether anything has been done, there is a motion to adjourn, a pell mell retreat which carries all before it, and the beautiful hall is emptied save for a few lagging souls who remain to finish a letter or look up a reference. Some one tells you the bill has been passed, or remanded for another hearing. You see the whilom antagonists going out friendly arm in arm, and your perthe beautiful hall is emptied save for a few lagging souls who remain to finish a letter or look up a reference. Some one tells you the bill has been passed, or remanded for another hearing. You see the whilom antagonists going out friendly arm in arm, and your perfriendly arm in arm, and your per-turbed spirit calms itself, while your body follows the crowd through arched corridor and wonderful rotunds and pleasant paths of the Capitol grounds, to recover its wonted screnity in the quiet of the Arlington.

NEWS EPITOME.

Eastern and Middle States. Colonel Thomas A. Scott has resigned the presidency of the Pennsylvania railroad company. In his letter of resignation Colonel Scott mys that after a service of thirty years with the company he is compelled to resign on account of ill-health.

Judge Wheeler, of the United States district court, has decided that Postmaster James, of New York, is personally responsible to the patentees for the \$63,000 saved the government by the use in his office of a patent cancellation stamp.

ment by the use in his office of a patent cancellation stamp.

A riot lasting nearly sine hours created the mest intense excitement in Paterson, N. J., a new days ago. It originated in the shooting a a young man, who was accompanying a German singing society, by William Dalzell, the owner of a piece of land over which the Germans were passing while on their way to the mountain from which they were to greet the rising sun with choruses and cheers, in accordance with the old-time May-day oustom. A rush was made for the murderer, and two buildings into which he fied were fired. From the window of one of the houses in which he had taken refuge Dalzell fired again

after a brief residence; but if they be adults, they gr's the sore on the arm or wrist. It is more painful there than on the wrist. It is more painful there than on the wrist. It is more painful there than on the cheek, but, of course, there is no disfigurement. It every case the attack runs its course for a year. No treatment, no ointment or medicine, has the slightest effect upon it. Once the sore makes it sappearance, the sufferer knows what to expect, and he may as well resign himself philosophically to all it involves.

The Arabs say that every one that goes to Bagdad must get the "datemark;" if he does not get it while in the city, he will get it after he leaves; and if he does not get it while alive, he will get it after he leaves; and painful, unless it happens to fix upon a spot above a joint or a muscle free.

The Arabs say that every one that goes to Bagdad must get two men had been shot. One of the sweet about at the time had been shot. One of the sweet is made a spring for the back of the ambulance, caught her skirts and pulled her down. She then sank down from exist may be a sweet two men had been shot. One of the sweet wo men had been shot. One of the sweet is made to good, the prisoner was smuggled off to Newrit in a coach, through the strategy of the sweet in the cort at one, but they were sweetingly put under arms, and a special train was made ready. In the after wo men had been shot. One of the sweet in the said train was made ready. In the after he is dead; it is not to be adult to be above a joint or a muscle free two men had been shot. One of the sweet in the said to the doctor: "I man not going her and the side of New York and Brooklyn have the count of the sweet in the said to the doctor: "I am not going her and the side of New York and Brooklyn have the count of the side of New York and Brooklyn have the count of the said to the doctor: "I am not going her and the side of New York and Brooklyn have the count of the mountain from which he had cheen, in accordance with the distance on. Th

The cities of New York and Brooklyn have been called upon by the trustees to furnish \$1,250,000 to finish the great bridge across the

Western and Southern States.

A committee of reliet appointed by the St. Louis merchants' exchange make the following report in regard to the recent cyclones that devastated eastern Missouri: The recent cyclones which passed over the eastern part of the State of Missouri have brought death and ruin to hundreds of families, laid waste toany thriving towns and villages, and scat-tered to the winds houses, stock and implements of hundreds of farmers, Recent advices received by this committee show the destruction to be more fearful than pen can picture. Frank E. Nipher, professor of physics of Washington university, in this city, and C. Shaller Smith, civil engineer, who have just returned from an exploring tour which embraced the entire line of the two tornadoes in southwestern Missouri, in a report to this committee say that half the horrors have not been told. The James river storm began about thirty-five miles west of Springfield, and gradually increased in size thousand feet. For a distance of lerty-six miles it cut an unbroken swath from one hundred and fifty to two hundred feet wide. Men, women and children were killed or crippled. Horses, cattle, sheep and hogs met a similar fate. Dwellings, fences and outbuildings were not only leveled, but blown away. Plows, wagons, reapers, and other farming implements were reduced to scrap iron and kindling wood; and in many cases fields with growing crops were so covered with forest debris, or with mud or sand, that much additional labor will be required to save what has been planted. No houses or barns have been left standing in the track of the storms. Farmers are entirely without horses or imlements with which to carry on their farms.

plements with which to carry on their farms. Similar reports come from many other sources, and the demands upon the people for assistance are very urgent. St. Louis is doing all in her power for the relief of these unfortunate districts, but the call is great and cannot be supplied in an adequate manner by the citizens of this State alone. This committee, therefore, is behalf of the sufferers, appeal to the people of this country everywhere to come forward and assist in relieving the great distress of the Southwest.

During a storm near Newport, Ark., Mrs. Sarsh Adams and a little boy ramed Wickley were killed by lightning.

The boiler of a shingle mill in Savannah, Gs., exploded, killing the superintendent and engineer and injuring eight other men in the building.

Mr. Compton, with wife and four children,

doctor. The doctor drew a revolver, and placing it to the seaman's head he commanded him to lay down quick or he would fall a corpse. This acted like a charm, and the seaman put away his knife and quietly laid down.—New York News. were saved.

The seventh annual convention of the National Butter, Egg and Cheese association was held in Indianapolis, Ind., about 200 delegates

The Ohio Republican State convention for the nomination of a State ticket and the election of delegates to the national convention was held at Columbus. The State ticket nominated is headed by Charles Townsend for Secretary of State. The platform adopted presents John Sherman to the national convention as a fit nominee for President; and the delegates at large, as well as a majority of the district delegates elected, are for Mr. Sherman. On the same day the South Carolina Republican State convention, in session at Columbia, elected delegates to the national convention and adopted a resolution of the contest" for General Grant. A coroner's jury at San Francisco has rendered a verdict charging Mayor Kalloch's son

with the murder of Charles De Young. Nashville, Tenn., is celebrating the center-nial of her existence by an exposition held in a building erected especially for the purpose. Three colored laborers suffered death by suffocation while cleaning a well at Charles-

back party, he'd at Indianapolis, nominated a full State ticket with Richard Gregg for governor at the head, and adopted a platform in conformity with the principles of the party. The Arkansas Republican State convention instructed its delegates to the national con-vention to vote and work for Grant's nomination; and the California Republican State convention, held on the same day, adopted a resolution instructing its six delegates to vote

as a unit for Blaine.

A party of thirteen Mexicans were killed by At Maysville, Ky., a colored woman has given birth to twins, one of which is black and the other white.
Six miners, while descending the rapids of the Skagit river in Washington Territory,

him.

In a pigeon-shooting match at St. Louis Captain Bogardus deleated Fred Erbe—the boy who recently won a victory over Bogardus—by a score of 86 against 83.

While at the Methodist general conference in Cincinnati Rev. D. H. Goodwin, a delegate, received a dispatch from his home, Brookfield, Ind., saying that his brother, Dr. J. D. Goodwin, who was also a delegate to the conference, had been murdered by another brother, Colonel Goodwin, a hard drinker. Colonel Goodwin had just been released from an insane asylum, and meeting his brother charged him with having sent him there and shot him dead. The victim was an ex-Congressman and a prominent man in his locality.

From Washington.

From Washington. Thus far in the present session of Congress over four hundred pages of the Congressional Record have been devoted to speeches which were never delivered.

Mr. Yung Wing, now acting Chinese minister at Washington, is quoted as anying that there are three Chinamen leaving this country to one who is coming.

The House committee and grounds has reported be cost of these buildings is to be limited to \$1,450,000. Six of the buildings, the total cost of which is to be \$675,000, are to be erected in Northern cities, and ten buildings, to cost altogether \$775,000, are to be built in Southern cities and towns. Of the latter ten,

Southern cities and towns. Of the latter ten, the growing State of Terms is to have four, costing in the aggregate \$275,000.

Colonel William H. Jones, clerk of the ways and means committee, is deal. While a treasury agent at New Orleans in 1861 it was to him that General Dix sent the "Shoot him on the spot" dispatch.

At a meeting of the cabinet a few days ago the President tendered to Postmaster-General Key the position of district judge of the castern and middle districts of Tennessee, made vacant by the recent death of Judge Trigg. The postmaster-general accepted the position. At the time nothing was said with regard to Judge Key's successor as postmaster-general.

Major-General Samuel P. Heintzelman died in Washington a few days ago, aged seventy-

Major-General Samuel P. Heintrelman died in Washington a few days ago, aged seventy-five years. He had been retired by Congress in 1869 with the full rank of major-general, after serving in the United States army since

During April the public debt was reduced \$12,078,070.50. Cash in the treasury, \$199,-464,393.87; total debt less cash in the treasury, 464,393.87; total debt less cash in the treasury, \$1,968,314,753.72.

The receipts from oustoms for April were \$17,546,560, against \$11,840,052 for April, 1879, and the receipts from internal revenue were \$10,767,478, against \$7,546,513 for the corresponding month of ast year.

At the various United States mints there were coined last month \$46,830 gold pieces worth \$6,810,700; 2,300,100 silver dollars and \$120,000 opposent pieces.

were coined last month \$46,830 gold pieces worth \$6,810,700; 2,300,000 allver dollars and 2,120,000 one-cent pieces.

Foreign Sows.

The missing workman, who had been lodging in the basement under the geard-room of the czar's winter palace will the day of the explosion, has been arrested at St. Petersburg and has confessed the dead. His name is Sheirtch, he is a Lithuanian, and his uncle is governor of the province of Kalouga. He was placed in the palace by the Nihilist executive committee six months before the explosion. Three other arrests of persons of higher rank have been mads.

The new English parliament has been formally opened by Lord Selborne, the lord high chancellor—the Duke of Argill, Earl Granville, Earl Sydney and Lord Northbrook acting as a royal commission. The opening proceedings consisted in summoning the house of commons to the bar of the house of lords and requesting it to elect a speaker.

The British General Rose has had a severe battle with the Aighans, who finally retreated, leaving 1,200 dead on the field.

Henry Brand has been re-sleet ed speaker of the British house of commons.

The English training ship Atalanta, having on board over 300 young scamen, beside the officers and crew, is believed to have been lost at sea, as she is long overdue. She left Bermuda more than three months ago, and since her departure nothing has been seen or heard of the vessel. Several vessels sent out to search for her have been unable to discover the slightest trace of her; and her fate is likely to add one more to the many mysteries

the slightest trace of her; and her fate i

of the sea.

A leading London newspaper contains a bitter attack upon the United States for proposing to abrogate the Bulwer-Clayton treaty, it hopes the new government and the

Charles Bradlaugh, liberal member of the British house of commons, refused to take the oath prescribed for members upon taking their seats, claiming that he was an atheist and opposed to a monarchy.

Late advices from the seat of war in South America are to the effect that the Chilians bombarded the seaport of Callao, destroying the Peruvian corvette Union in the port; that Lima, the capital of Peru, is threatened, and that great distress exists there.

CONGRESSIONAL SUPERARY. Mr. Eaton reported, without amendments, the House bill making appropriations for the paval service.

Mr. Burnside reported adversely the bill sutherizing the secretary of the navy to detail officers and furnish supplies to the Polar

ion, known as the Howeste ion, known as the Howate expedition, to he Arctic seas, was passed.

The resolution was passed to authorize the President to call an international sanitary conference to meet at Washington, for the conference of securing an international notificapurpose of securing an international notifica-tion as to the actual sanitary condition of ports and places under the jurisdiction of the several powers, and of vessels sailing there

The Indian appropriation bill was passed with several amendments of One amendment striking out the clause abelishing the Indian commission was agreed to by a vote of 34 commission was agreed to by a vote of 34 yeas to 23 nays.

The report of the conference committee on the immediate deticiency bill was taken up and agreed to. It reduces the amount appropriated as follows: For public printing, \$50,000; state, war and navy department building, \$186,500; extra clerk hire in the State repartment, \$1,000; total, \$237,500.

The navy appropriation till was taken up and passed. On the motion of Mr. Bruce, the House resolution authorizing the issue of 1 sions to the sufferers by the recent cyclone at Macon, Miss., was passed.

Miss., was passed. Mr. Davis, of West Virginia, submitted that majority report of the committee to investigate the account of the transmy department. He said all his allegations had been proven. Differences of ninety or one hundred million dollars had been found, but whether the figures represented actual cash differences was another thing. Most of the discrepancies were made between 1860 and 1871 Mr. Ingalls submitted a minority report on the same subject. He said the minority could not agree with Mr. Davis's report, and that the latter had spent two and a halt years, at a vast expense, with a corps of trained assistants, and had not developed a single and not known to the country since 1871. There were no changes made in the original entries in the treasury department, and only necessary changes made in statements to correct errors and omissions, and no charge of fraud came from any source.

The bill to appoint a commission to ne gotiate a reciprocity treaty with Canada was placed on the calendar.

The bill instructing the President to procure an early abrogation of the articles of the fishery treaty of 1871 was ordered punted.

The bill to equalize the bounties of soldiers of the war of of the reballion was placed on the calendar.

The bill to continue the antomological commission was referred to committee of the whole. from any source.

The conference report on the special deficiency bill was agreed to, and the Senate amendments to the post route bill were conourred in.

In committee of the whole on the bill amending the internal revenue laws a number of amendments were submitted and rejected.

Mr. Chalmers has introduced a bill extendcurred in. ing the letter-carrier system to cities of 10,000 inhabitants.

Mr. Scales reported a bill to rathly the agreement with the Utes. Printed and recommitted

propriation bill. It appropriation on the wood pulp quest he had prevented the Hallowed a change to vote on Mr. Ellis introduced a b Mr. Ellis introduced a government postal telegrap United States, between York and Washington, postomers. It directs the pior the purpose of testing the ticability of maintaining a postal telegraph line, and of pie of the United States the telegraphic communication purchase or construction a lines between the cities of and Washmes, between the cities of ington. It provides for the transmission of telegraphic as follows: For twenty-five u distance of 200 miles or 1 or shall be with one-half cent for each. The till was referred to the ostoffices and post-roads. Mr. King off red a res information in regard to t

the United

An Epitaph. Epitaph found in a cemetery in the northern part of Ireland:

To the memory of
Lady O'Looney,
Wife of Six—O'Looney, and grandniece of
Burke, commonly called "The Sublime."
She was Bland, Passionate and deeply Religious;
likewise she painted in
Water Color-,
and sent several pictures

Exhibition. was first cousin to Lady Jones, and of such is the Kingdom of Heaven.

Pins are of very ancient invention, as they were manufactured by the Egyptians in the time of the Pharachs. Many of these useful articles were found in the tombs of kings in the pyramids. Some of them were of quite elaborate manufacture, and must have been costly, as they had gold heads and were six to eight inches in length.

The enormous sale of Dr. Buil's Cough Syrup has had the effect of bringing out numerous similar remedies; but the people are not so easily induced to make a trial of the new article, when they value the old and reliable one—Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

There is a man at Luray, Va., who be came convinced, when young, that kissing was wicked, because Christ was betrayed by a kiss. He resolved never to kiss anybody. He has been married twenty years, and is the father of eleven children, but has never kissed his wife or one of his offspring.

Vegetine put up in this form comes within the reach of all. By making the medicine yourself you can, from a 500. package containing the barks, roots and herbs, make two bettles of the liquid Vegetine. Thousands will gladly avail themselves of this opportunity, who have the conveniences to make the medicine. Full directions in every package.

Vegetine in powder form is sold by all druggists and general stores. If you cannot buy it of them, enclose fifty cents in postage stamps for one package, or one dollar for two packages, and I will send it by return mail, H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass. Dr. C. E. Shoemaker, the well-know aural surgeon of Reeding, Pa., offers to send by sail, ires of charge, a valuable little book on dealness and diseases of the car—specially on running car and entarth, and their proper treatment—giving references and testimonials that fill satisfy the most skeptical. Address as above.

A Mousehold Need.

A book on the Liver, its diseases and their treatment sent tree. Including treatises upor Liver Complaints, Torpid Liver, Jaundice, Biliousness, Headache, Constipation, Dyspesia, Malaria, etc. Address Dr. Santord, 162 Broadway, New York etty, N. Y.

The Voltaic Bolt Co., Marshall, Mich. Will send their Electro-Voltaic Bolts to the afflicted upon 30 days trial. See their advertisement in this paper headed, "On 30 Days Lyon's Heel Stiffeners keep boots and shoes straight. Sold by shoe and hardware dealers.

A CARD.—To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, etc., I will send a Recipe that will cure you, FRES OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH I. INMAN, Station D. New York City.

THE MARKETS. MEW TORK

No Good Preaching. No man can do a good job of work, preach a good sermon, try a lawsuit well, doctor a patient, or write a good article when he feels miserable and dull, with sluggish brain and unsteady nerve. and none should make the attempt in such a condition, when it can be so easily and cheaply removed by a little Hop Bitters. See other column

Kidney Wort effectively acts at the same time on kidneys, liver and

YRUP

Went Active Ascents, Non or World ALDRICK & CO., 153 Centre Street, New York. 7 A YRAH and expenses to appear
P. O. YEDKERY, Augusta, Maint WAR TO A STATE OF THE STATE OF IMPERIAL CARDS, Str. Belling WANTED from her the Weater of the Apr. the Resets From

Vegetine.

IN POWDER FORM 50 CTS. A PACKAGE.

Dr. W. ROSS WRITES: Scretula, Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia,

Rheumatism, Weakness. H. R. Srzymu, Boston: It have been practicing medicine for twenty-five years, and as a remedy for Sorofule, Liver Complaint, Dyspessia, Rheumatism, Weakness, and all diseases of the blood, I have never found its equal. I have sold Vauszym for seven years and have never had one beille returned. I would heartly recommend it to those in need of a blood purifier.

Da. W. ROSE, Druggist, Wilson, Lowe.

Vegetine.

One Package in Powder Form Cured Scrofula.

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